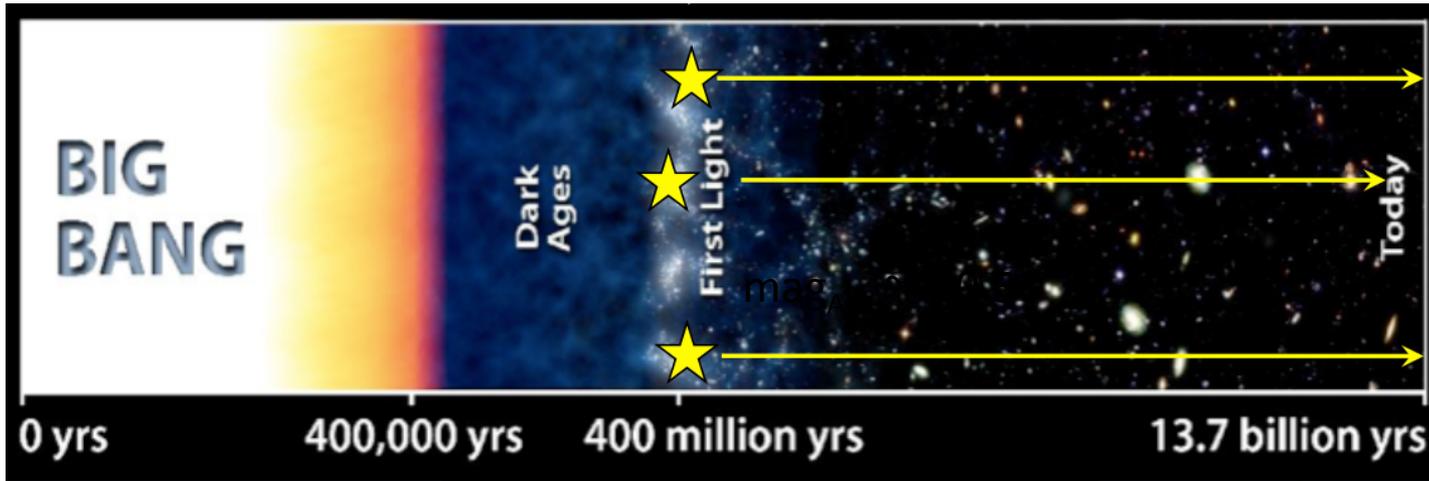


# Searching for high redshift QSO in the LSST survey

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Quasars at redshifts  $z > 6$  can be used to:

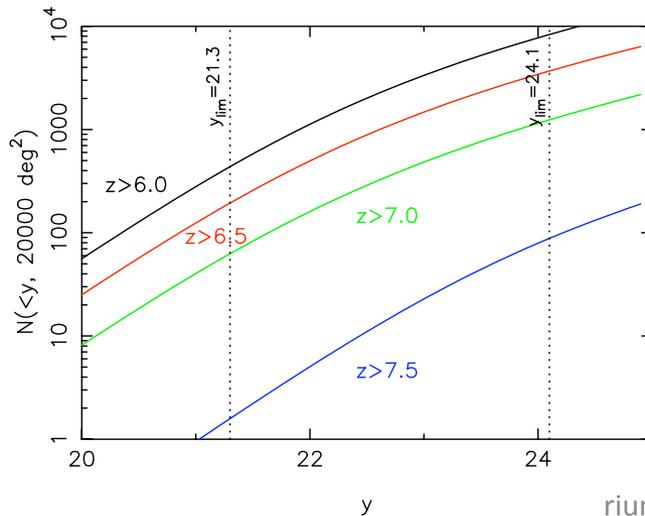
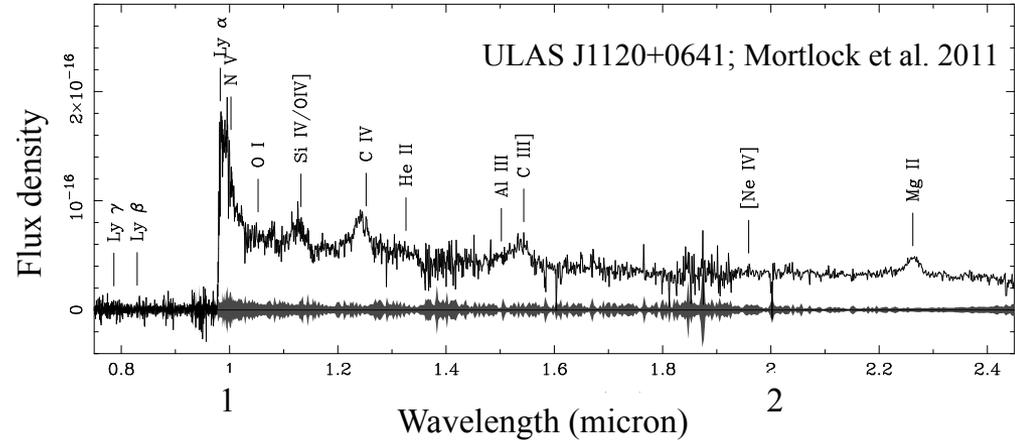
- determine the state of the inter-galactic medium
- measure space density of massive black holes
- study the formation of massive hosts
- locate galaxy overdensities in the early Universe

# Status of the observations and LSST

50 QSOs  $z \sim 6$  (SDSS)

6 QSO  $6.5 < z < 7.0$  (VIKING, Pan-STARRS)

1 QSO at  $z=7$  (UKIDSS-LAS)



LSST will detect :

$n \times 1000$  QSOs at  $z \sim 6$

$n \times 100$  QSOs at  $z \sim 7$

# A technical and critical point :

The key point is that, thanks to the depth of the survey, high- $z$  QSOs will be directly identified in the LSST catalog

This is a giant improvement with respect to Pan-STARRS and other present surveys

To identify 3 QSOs at  $z \sim 6.7$  in the PS1 catalog 500  $z$ - $y$  drop-outs have been observed with 4-m telescopes. The 3 objects for which no optical (I,R) counterpart has been detected at 25 mag lim. are  $z \sim 6.7$  QSO.

In the VIKING survey 3  $z \sim 6.7$  objects have been identified in a sample of 45  $z$ - $y$  drop-outs with the same technique

LSST will provide optical (I,R) limit  $\sim$  mag 25 after few visits:  
this will allow for the first time to build high- $z$  QSO candidate sample with an expected contamination of 20-30%, to be compared with the current ( $\sim$ 95%)

# Synergies with other facilities :

LSST will catalog a huge number of typical unabsorbed QSO up to  $z \sim 7.5$

From the combination with EUCLID photometric catalog will be possible to search for  $z \sim 8$  unabsorbed QSOs

From the combination with radio (SKA precursors), near IR (EUCLID photometric catalog) and X-ray catalogs (XMM and Chandra archives) will be possible to search for mildly obscured objects

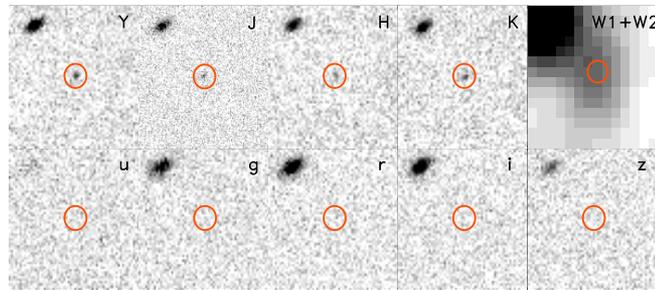
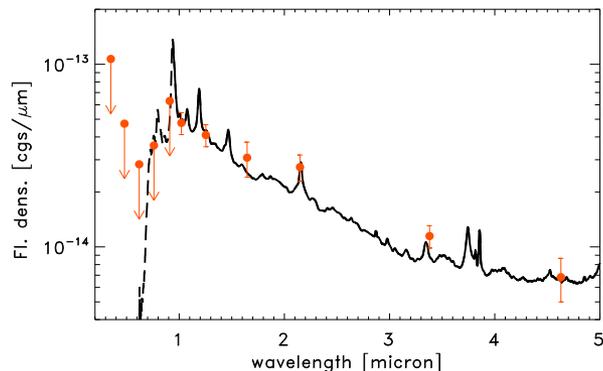
# Activities in Brera

UKIDSS-LAS + SDSS + ALLWISE  $\sim 3000 \text{ deg}^2$ ,  $\text{mag}_{AB} \sim 20.5$

UKIDSS-LAS + SDSS + ALLWISE + 3XMM  $\sim 100 \text{ deg}^2$   $\text{mag}_{AB} \sim 20.5$ ,  $f_x 10^{-15} \text{ [cgs]}$

We select candidates by SED fitting with QSO templates, allowing for different levels of absorption

- first pilot proposal with TNG in AOT 33 (4 hours, 8 candidates) accepted
- new proposal for 35 QSOs  $z \sim 7$  candidates proposed to AOT34



# CONCLUSIONS

LSST will significantly transform the high- $z$  QSO field, providing for the first time luminosity and mass functions of  $z \sim 7$  unobscured accreting black holes.

Synergy with EUCLID will extend the search to  $z \sim 8-9$

Synergies with radio and X-ray catalogs will provide insights on the obscured accretion

In Brera we are developing the skills to exploit the LSST database